

# Judicial Impact Fiscal Note

<b>Bill Number:</b> 1499 2S HB H-2075.1/15	<b>Title:</b> Vulnerable adults	<b>Agency:</b> 055-Admin Office of the Courts
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## Part I: Estimates

☒ No Fiscal Impact

*The revenue and expenditure estimates on this page represent the most likely fiscal impact. Responsibility for expenditures may be subject to the provisions of RCW 43.135.060.*

Check applicable boxes and follow corresponding instructions:

- ☐ If fiscal impact is greater than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete entire fiscal note form Parts I-V.
- ☐ If fiscal impact is less than \$50,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium or in subsequent biennia, complete this page only (Part I).
- ☐ Capital budget impact, complete Part IV.

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Request # 2SHB 1499-1

## **Part II: Narrative Explanation**

### **II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact on the Courts**

The second substitute bill would not add the crime of theft from a vulnerable adult to the list of crimes against persons in RCW 9.94A.411. This change would not add any additional judicial impact.

The substitute bill makes a technical amendment to exclude the new crimes of Theft from a Vulnerable Adult from the current Theft statutes to ensure that a person could not be charged for two offenses.

Original Bill:

This bill addresses vulnerable adults.

It would revise the definition for first, second, and third degree criminal mistreatment.

It would create the crime of theft from a vulnerable adult.

It would authorize persons who are trained and qualified to serve on multidisciplinary personnel teams to disclose information and records to each other that are relevant to the prevention, identification, or treatment of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of vulnerable adults.

There would be no change to existing penalties by adding vulnerable adults to the crimes for 1st and 2nd degree theft. Therefore there would be no fiscal impact to AOC or the courts.

### **II. B - Cash Receipts Impact**

Currently Theft in the first degree is a class B felony and Theft in the second degree is a class C felony.

The maximum penalty for a class B felony is \$20,000. The maximum penalty for a class C penalty is \$10,000.

### **II. C - Expenditures**

## **Part III: Expenditure Detail**

## **Part IV: Capital Budget Impact**